

D. Radchenko

Multiple polylogarithms:
$$Li_{n_1, \dots, n_d}(z_1, \dots, z_d) = \sum_{0 < m_1 < \dots < m_d} \frac{z_1^{m_1} \dots z_d^{m_d}}{m_1^{n_1} \dots m_d^{n_d}}$$

Clement: Li_n "enhanced" to $Li_n^{\mathcal{H}} \in \mathcal{H}_n(F)$

Similarly $Li_{n_1, \dots, n_d} \rightsquigarrow Li_{n_1, \dots, n_d}^{\mathcal{H}} \in \mathcal{H}_n(F)$ $n = n_1 + \dots + n_d$
 n weight
 d depth

Iterated integrals

$I(a_0, \dots, a_n; a_{n+1}) \in \mathcal{H}_n(F)$ $a_i \in F, a_i \neq a_j \ i \neq j$

$$I(0; a_1, \dots, a_n; 1) = \int_{\substack{0 \leq t_1 \leq \dots \leq t_n \leq 1 \\ (-1)^d}} \frac{dt_1}{t_1 - a_1} \wedge \dots \wedge \frac{dt_n}{t_n - a_n}$$
 $\partial: [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$
 $\partial(0) = a_0$
 $\partial(1) = a_{n+1}$
 $I_{\partial}(a_0, \dots, a_{n+1}) = \dots$

Then $Li_{n_1, \dots, n_d}(x_1, \dots, x_d) = I(0, \underbrace{\frac{1}{x_1 \dots x_d}, 0, 0, \dots, 0}_{n_1-1}, \frac{1}{x_2 \dots x_d}, \underbrace{0, \dots, 0}_{n_2-1}, \dots, \frac{1}{x_d}, \underbrace{0, \dots, 0}_{n_d-1}, 1)$

(series converges for $|x_i| < 1$)

$$\mathcal{H}_n(F) \stackrel{\text{conj}}{=} \mathbb{Q}[Li_{n_1, \dots, n_d}(x_1, \dots, x_d) : \substack{n_i > 0 \\ n_1 + \dots + n_d = n \\ x_1, \dots, x_d \in F}] / (\text{all functional equations})$$

Functional equations:

• $\log(xy) = \log(x) + \log(y)$ $(\log(x) = -Li_1(1-x))$

• 5-term rel for Li_2

• depth reduction. ex: $Li_{1,1}(x, y) = Li_2\left(\frac{x-1}{y-1}\right) - Li_2\left(\frac{y}{y-1}\right) + Li_2(xy)$

Shuffle products.

$$I(0; a_1, \dots, a_k; 1) I(0; a_{k+1}, \dots, a_{k+l}; 1) = \sum_{\sigma \in \Sigma_{k,l}} I(0; a_{\sigma(1)}, \dots, a_{\sigma(k+l)}; 1)$$

$$\Sigma_{k,l} = \left\{ \sigma \in \Sigma_{k+l} \mid \begin{array}{l} \sigma^{-1}(1) < \dots < \sigma^{-1}(k) \\ \sigma^{-1}(k+1) < \dots < \sigma^{-1}(k+l) \end{array} \right\}$$

quasi-shuffles

$$\begin{aligned} Li_{n_1, \dots, n_k}(x_1, \dots, x_k) Li_{n_{k+1}, \dots, n_{k+l}}(x_{k+1}, \dots, x_{k+l}) \\ = \sum_{\sigma \in \Sigma_{k,l}} Li_{n_{\sigma(1)}, \dots, n_{\sigma(k+l)}}(x_{\sigma(1)}, \dots, x_{\sigma(k+l)}) + \left(\text{lower depth terms} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Ex $I(0; a; 1) I(0; b; 1) = I(0; a, b; 1) + I(0; b, a; 1)$
 $Li_1(x) Li_1(y) = Li_{1,1}(x, y) + Li_{1,1}(y, x) + Li_2(xy)$

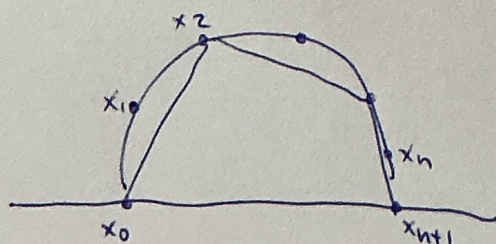
(proof: decomposes product of simplices into simplices)

Distribution relation

$$\sum_{\substack{y_1^N = x_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_d^N = x_d}} Li_{n_1, \dots, n_d}(y_1, \dots, y_d) = N^{d-n} Li_{n_1, \dots, n_d}(x_1, \dots, x_d)$$

(true also for $N < 0$ suitably interpreted but more difficult)

Coproduct $\Delta I(x_0, \dots, x_{n+1}) = \sum_{0=i_0 < i_1 < \dots < i_{k+1}=n+1} I(x_{i_0}, \dots, x_{i_{k+1}}) \otimes \prod_{j=1}^k I(x_{i_j}, x_{i_{j+1}}, \dots)$



Sum over such polygons

left tensor factor: polygon
 product on right $\otimes$ factor: product of all little slices outside polygon.


 Δ' reduced coproduct (ignore terms $k=0$
and $k=n$)

$$\Delta' Li_2(x) = Li_1(x) \otimes \log(x)$$

$$\Delta' Li_{1,1}(x,y) = Li_1(xy) \otimes Li_1(y) - Li_1(xy) \otimes Li_1(x^{-1}) \\ + Li_1(y) \otimes Li_1(x)$$

$$x \rightsquigarrow v_1, y \rightsquigarrow v_2$$

$$[v_1 + v_2, v_2] - [v_1 + v_2, -v_1] + [v_2, v_1] = 0 \text{ in } St(V)$$

$$\left[\text{Rmk } Li_q(x) = Li_q(x^{-1}) + \log x \right]$$

$$\text{but } [v_1, \dots, v_n] = [\otimes v_1, \dots, \otimes v_n]$$

$$T_d = \text{Spec } \overline{\mathbb{Q}}[x_1^{\pm 1}, \dots, x_d^{\pm 1}]$$

$$F = \overline{\mathbb{Q}}(t_d)$$

$$A \in \mathbb{Z}^{d \times d}$$

$$\det A \neq 0$$

$$\underline{n} = (n_1, \dots, n_d)$$

$$x = (x_1, \dots, x_d)$$

$$N = |\det A|$$

$$x^N = (x_1^N, \dots, x_d^N)$$

$$x^A = \begin{pmatrix} x_1^{a_{11}} & & x_d^{a_{d1}} \\ & \ddots & \\ x_1^{a_{1d}} & & x_d^{a_{dd}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Li_{n_1, \dots, n_k; A}(x_1, \dots, x_d) = N^{n-d-1} \sum_{y^N = x} Li_{n_1, \dots, n_k}(y^A)$$

$$(k \leq d)$$

$$L_n(T^d) = (\mathbb{Q}\text{-span of } Li_{\underline{n}, A})$$

$$n_1 + \dots + n_k = n, k \leq d$$

(lower depth
terms)

$$k < d \text{ or terms } \log(x_i) Li_{\underline{n}, A}$$

Thm (Cherkov-R-Rudenko)

$$\exists \text{ map } L_n(T^d) \xrightarrow{\sim} St(\mathbb{Q}^d) \otimes St(\mathbb{Q}^d) \otimes \text{Sym}^{n-d}(\mathbb{Q}^d)$$

$$\text{Takes } L_{n_1, \dots, n_d} \text{ to } [e_1, \dots, e_{d-1}, \dots, e_1] \otimes [e_1, \dots, e_1] \\ \otimes \prod \frac{e_i^{n_i-1}}{(n_i-1)!}$$